Financial Report

For the year ended 31 December 2012

MACKILLICAN & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

252 Raglan Street S. Renfrew, Ontario

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2012, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for local governments, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards and its local boards as at 31 December 2012, and the results of their operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for local governments.

Hackellican & associates

Chartered Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants.

RENFREW, Ontario. 6 March 2013.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

	<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
Financial assets: Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Investment in Ottawa River Power Corporation (Note 5)	624 524	5,913 \$ 4,937 4,256 3,895	2,138,325 569,920 263,070 358,895
	\$ 3,424	<u>1,001</u> \$	3,330,210
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds (Note 7) Landfill closure and post closure costs (Note 8)	120	1,457 \$ 0,769 2,300	189,543 144,934 352,300
	\$644	<u>1,526</u> \$	686,777
Net financial assets	\$2,77	9 <u>,475</u> \$	2,643,433
Non-financial assets: Tangible capital assets (net) Inventories of supplies	4	3,356 \$ 1,078 9,434 \$	7,728,817 35,281 7,764,098
Accumulated surplus	\$ 10,11		10,407,531
Accumulated surplus comprised of: Equity in tangible capital assets Discretionary reserve fund Reserves General Water fund operations Killaloe & District Public Library Board Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee Unfunded - landfill closure and post closure costs (Note 3)	3,00- 55 (14	3,356 \$ 9,239 4,051 1,612 1,691) 4,738 4,904 2,300)	7,728,817 85,066 2,868,582 51,206 (2,051) 24,060 4,151 (352,300)
Total accumulated surplus	\$10,113	<u>8,909</u> \$	10,407,531

Consolidated Statement of Operations

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (with 2012 budget and 2011 actual figures for comparison)

	2012 <u>Budget</u>	2012 <u>Actual</u>	2011 <u>Actual</u>
Revenue:			
Taxation and user charges	\$ 2,241,714	\$ 2,284,510	\$ 2,075,419
Government transfers: Ontario Canada Other municipalities Other	881,323 137,102 10,387 <u>316,550</u> \$_3,587,076	785,782 104,646 11,475 304,309 \$_3,490,722	762,868 80,600 11,987
Expenses:			
General government	\$ 596,270	\$ 619,603	\$ 630,628
Protection to persons and property	798,476	770,957	648,613
Transportation services	1,762,319	1,327,315	1,328,498
Environmental services	857,702	828,280	755,311
Health services	21,000	21,000	21,000
Recreation and cultural services Planning and development	202,799 6,800	205,772 6,417	194,839 6,778
- x	\$ <u>4,245,366</u>	\$ <u>3,779,344</u>	\$ <u>3,585,667</u>
Shortfall of revenue over expenses Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year	\$ (658,290) _10,407,531	\$ (288,622) 10,407,531	\$ (356,380) _10,763,911
Accumulated surplus at the end of the year	\$ <u>9,749,241</u>	\$ <u>10,118,909</u>	\$ <u>10,407,531</u>

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Shortfall of revenue over expenses	\$ (288,622)	\$ (356,380)
Amortization of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Use of (acquisition of) inventory	797,980 (367,519) <u>(5,797</u>)	795,466 (173,640) (1,253)
Increase in net financial assets Net financial assets, beginning of year	\$ 136,042 <u>2,643,433</u>	\$ 264,193 2,379,240
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ <u>2,779,475</u>	\$ <u>2,643,433</u>

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Cash flows from operating activities: Shortfall of revenue over expenses Add amortization which does not involve cash	\$ (288,622) 797,980	\$ (356,380) 795,466
	\$ 509,358	\$ 439,086
Net change in non cash working capital balances related to operations:		
 decrease (increase) in taxes receivable decrease (increase) in accounts receivable decrease (increase) in inventory increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities increase (decrease) in deferred revenue 	\$ (55,017) (261,186) (5,797) (18,086) (24,165)	\$ (73,067) (58,024) (1,253) 16,231 39,847
·	\$ (364,251)	\$ (76,266)
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ 145,107	\$ 362,820
Cash flows used for investing activities: Additions to tangible capital assets:		
Protection to persons and property Transportation services Environmental services	\$ (12,211) (184,170) (171,138)	\$ (115,144) (58,496)
Cash flows used for investing activities	\$ (367,519)	\$ (173,640)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	\$ (222,412) 2,138,325	\$ 189,180 1,949,145
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	\$ 1,915,913	\$ 2,138,325

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants.

The focus of PSAB financial statements is on the financial position of the Township and changes thereto. The Consolidated Statement of Financial Position reports financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets are available to provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Municipal position represents the financial position of the Township and is the difference between financial assets and liabilities. This information explains the Township's overall future revenue requirements and its ability to finance activities and meet its obligations.

(a) Reporting Entity

(i) The consolidated financial statements reflect financial assets, liabilities, operating revenues and expenditures, reserves, reserve funds, and changes in investment in tangible capital assets of the Township. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations, committees and local boards accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Township and which are owned or controlled by the Township. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances between these organizations are eliminated.

These consolidated financial statements include:

- Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee
- Killaloe & District Public Library Board
- (ii) Accounting for County and School Board Transactions The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the county and school boards are not reflected in the municipal fund balances of these financial statements.
- (iii) Trust fund and its related operations administered by the Township is not included in these financial statements but are reported separately.

(b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period goods or services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

(c) Non-financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year, and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

(d) Tangible Capital Assets

(i) Tangible capital assets (TCAs) are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Where the cost was not readily determinable, the assets were valued at their current fair market value and then discounted back to their in-service date using the Non-Residential Building Construction Price Index (NRBCPI) for infrastructure, storm sewers and sanitary sewers and using the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for all other assets. Land for road segments is valued at \$ 1.00 per segment. All other land is valued at cost. Where cost was not readily determinable, the land was given a value of \$ 1.00 per segment. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land improvements	15 - 25 years
Buildings	15 - 30 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	5 - 20 years
Linear assets	10 - 40 years

Amortization is calculated commencing the first month of the year following acquisition using the above rates. In the year of disposal, a full year of amortization will be charged against the asset. Capital work in progress is not amortized until it is put into service.

The Township has a capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000, so that individual TCAs of lesser value are expensed, unless they are pooled because, collectively, they have significant value, or for operational reasons.

(ii) Contribution of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt, and that fair value is also recorded as revenue. Similarly, transfers of assets to third parties are recorded as an expense equal to the net book value of the assets as of the date of transfer.

(iii) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

(iv) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost or replacement cost.

(e) Investment Income

Investment income earned on current funds (other than obligatory reserve funds) are reported as revenue in the period earned. Investment income earned on externally restricted funds is added to the fund balance and forms part of the respective deferred revenue balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

(f) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

(g) Deferred Revenue

Certain amounts are received pursuant to regulations or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs or in the delivery of specific services and transactions. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the related expenditures are incurred or services performed.

(h) Deferred Revenue - Obligatory Reserve Funds

The Township receives restricted contributions under the authority of provincial and federal legislation and Township by-laws. These funds by their nature are restricted in their use and until applied to applicable costs are recorded as deferred revenue. Amounts applied to qualifying expenditures are recorded as revenue in the fiscal period they are expended.

(i) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments include cash, taxes receivable, accounts receivable, investment in Ottawa River Power Corporation and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Municipality is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts reported on the statement of financial position for cash, taxes receivable, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, approximate their fair values, due to the immediate and short term maturities of these financial instruments.

3. AMOUNTS TO BE RECOVERED

Amounts to be recovered represent the requirement of the Township to raise funds in subsequent periods to finance unfunded liabilities, comprised of the landfill closure and post closure liabilities.

4. TRUST FUND

Trust fund administered by the Township, totaling \$ 2,410 (2011 - \$ 2,410) is presented in a separate financial statement of trust fund financial position and operations. As such, balances held in trust by the Township for the benefit of others have not been included in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position nor have its operations been included in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

5. INVESTMENT IN OTTAWA RIVER POWER CORPORATION

The investment in Ottawa River Power Corporation is carried at cost and is comprised as follows:

179 Common shares of Ottawa River Power Corporation	\$ 179,000
179 Common shares of Ottawa River Solutions Inc.	895
7.25% Promissory Note from Ottawa River Power Corporation	 179,000
	\$ 358,895

6. OPERATIONS OF SCHOOL BOARDS AND COUNTY OF RENFREW

Requisitions were made by the School Boards and County of Renfrew requiring the Township to collect property taxes and payments in lieu of property taxes on their behalf. The amounts collected and remitted are as follows:

•	Sch	<u>iool Boards</u>	County
Property taxes Payments in lieu	\$ 	681,017 284	\$ 1,044,524 31,577
	\$	681,301	\$ 1,076,101

7. DEFERRED REVENUE - OBLIGATORY RESERVE FUNDS

A requirement of the public sector accounting standards of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants is that obligatory reserve funds be reported as deferred revenue. This requirement is in place because federal, provincial and municipal legislation restricts how these funds may be used. The balances in the obligatory reserve funds of the Township are summarized below:

(a) The balance of deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds on the "Consolidated Statement of Financial Position" at the end of the year is comprised of the following externally restricted reserve funds:

	<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
Ontario Clean Water Agency Shoreline Gasoline Tax - Federal	\$ 3,957 116,812	* \$ 	8,334 3,032 133,568
	\$120,769	\$	144,934

(b) Transactions during the year in the deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds are as follows:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Balance at the beginning of the year Gas tax revenue received Sale of shoreline	\$ 144,934 78,221 925	\$ 105,087 78,221
Frontage fees Interest earned	31	1,010
	\$ 224,111	\$ <u>184,318</u>
Used to purchase tangible capital assets Transfer to General Fund	\$ (94,977) (8,365)	\$ (39,384)
	\$(103,342)	\$(39,384)
Balance at the end of the year	\$120,769	\$ <u>144,934</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

8. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE LIABILITY

The Environmental Protection Act sets out the regulatory requirements to properly close and maintain all active and inactive landfill sites. Under environmental law, there is a requirement for closure and post closure care of solid waste landfill sites. This requirement is to be provided for over the estimated remaining life of the landfill site based on usage.

Landfill closure and post closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with industry standards and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, pumping ground water and leachates from the site, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over a ten year period using the best information available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expenditures, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable.

9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of municipal activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Township is not aware of any claims or possible claims as at 31 December 2012.

10. BUDGET FIGURES

The operating budget approved by the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards for 2012 is reflected on the Consolidated Statement of Operations. The budget established for capital investment in tangible capital assets is on a project-oriented basis, the costs of which may be carried out over one or more years and, therefore, may not be comparable with current year's actual expenditure amounts. As well, the Township does not budget activity within reserves and reserve funds, with the exception being those transactions which affect either operations or capital investments. Budget figures have been reclassified for the purpose of these financial statements to comply with PSAB reporting requirements.

11. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

The Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets provides information on the tangible capital assets of the Township by major asset class and by function, as well as for accumulated amortization of the assets controlled. The reader should be aware of the following information relating to tangible capital assets:

- (i) Contributed Tangible Capital Assets

 The Township records all tangible capital assets contributed by an external party at fair value on the earlier of the date received or of the transfer of risk and responsibility. Typical examples are roadways, water and sewer lines installed by a developer as part of a subdivision agreement. There were no such transfers in 2012.
- (ii) Tangible Capital Assets Recognized at Nominal Value Certain assets have been assigned a nominal value of one dollar, because of the difficulty of determining a tenable valuation. The most significant such assets are the Township's road allowances. The 2012 road network had segments, each of which has been assigned a value of one dollar for the road allowance itself.

12. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year financial statement presentation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

13. EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT

The Consolidated Statement of Operations presents the consolidated expenditures by function. The following listing classifies the expenditures by object:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	\$ 1,055,228	\$ 968,129
Operating materials and supplies Contracted services	1,219,683 682,848	1,270,643 529,165
External transfers	23,605 797,980	22,264 795,466
Amortization		
Total expenditures by object	\$ <u>3,779,344</u>	\$ <u>3,585,667</u>

Schedule of General Operations

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (with 2012 budget and 2011 actual figures for comparison)

	2012	2012	2011
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Actual</u>
Revenue: Net municipal taxation Government transfers:	\$ 1,985,377	\$ 2,005,917	\$ 1,800,763
Ontario Canada Other municipalities	862,779	767,378	742,573
	135,563	103,107	79,061
	6,239	6,327	7,839
Other	303,250	291,134	279.576
	\$ 3,293,208	\$ 3,173,863	\$ 2,909.812
Expenses:	Ф <u>3,293,208</u>	φ <u> 3,173,603</u>	ψ <u>2,707,812</u>
General government Protection to persons and property Transportation services Environmental services Health services Recreation and cultural services Planning and development	\$ 596,270	\$ 619,603	\$ 630,628
	798,476	770,957	648,613
	1,762,319	1,327,315	1,328,498
	601,365	556,553	494,230
	21,000	21,000	21,000
	129,497	131,072	126,519
	6,800	6,417	6,778
Shortfall of revenue over expenses	\$ <u>3,915,727</u>	\$ <u>3,432,917</u>	\$ <u>3,256,266</u>
	\$ <u>(622,519</u>)	\$ <u>(259,054)</u>	\$ <u>(346,454)</u>
Transfers: Transfer to library Transfer to discretionary reserve fund Transfer from (to) reserves Transfer from equity in tangible capital assets	\$ (30,000) 510,534 90,779	\$ (27,865) (14,173) (128,963) 430,461	\$ (30,790) (18,614) (226,124) 621,826
Net transfers	\$ 571,313	\$ <u>259,460</u>	\$ <u>346,298</u>
Change in general surplus (deficit) for the year	\$ (51,206)	\$ 406	\$ (156)
General surplus at the beginning of the year	51,206	51,206	51,362
General surplus at the end of the year	\$	\$ <u>51,612</u>	\$ <u>51,206</u>

Schedule of Water Fund Operations

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Revenue: User charges	\$ <u>128,644</u>	\$ <u>126,600</u>
Expenses: Ontario Clean Water Agency billings Hydro	\$ 114,860 13,424	\$ 102,842 13,988
	\$ <u>128,284</u>	\$ <u>116,830</u>
Excess of revenue over expenses Water fund deficit at the beginning of the year	\$ 360 (2,051)	\$ 9,770 (11,821)
Water fund deficit at the end of the year	\$ <u>(1,691</u>)	\$ <u>(2,051</u>)

Schedule of Sewage Fund Operations

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

		<u>2012</u>	2011		
Revenue: User charges	\$	149,949	\$	148 <u>,056</u>	
Expenses: Grant in lieu Hydro Materials Ontario Clean Water Agency billings Wages	\$	836 23,625 9,489 109,493	\$	864 21,825 23,083 98,036 443	
	\$	143,443	\$	144,251	
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	6,506	\$	3,805	
Financing and transfers: Transfer to reserves	_	(6,506)		(3,805)	
Change in sewage fund surplus Sewage fund surplus at the beginning of the year	\$	-	\$	-	
Sewage fund surplus at the end of the year	\$_		\$		

Schedule of Reserves and Reserve Funds

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

i		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
Contributions: From operations	\$	280,789	\$_	362,543
Transfers: Transfer to operations Transfer to tangible capital asset acquisitions	\$_	5,420 125,727	\$_	114,000
	\$	131,147	\$_	114,000
Change in reserves and reserve funds balance Reserves and reserve funds at the beginning of the year	\$	149,642 2,953,648	\$	248,543 2,705,105
Reserves and reserve funds at the end of the year	\$_	3,103,290	\$_	2,953,648
Reserves: Working funds Protection services Roadways Wastewater system Waterworks system Solid waste disposal Hydro Reserve Killaloe	\$	1,505,003 26,789 511,157 18,906 21,290 504,759 416,147	\$	1,281,383 26,789 511,157 12,400 12,925 607,781 416,147
Total reserves	\$	3,004,051	\$	2,868,582
Discretionary reserve fund set aside for specific purpose: Environmental	,	99,239	•	85,066
Total reserves and reserve funds	\$	3,103,290	\$_	2,953,648

Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets

As at 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

Segmented by asset class: <u>Cost</u>	Balance at 31 December 2011	Additions	Disposals, write-offs and adjustments	Balance at 31 December 2012
Land Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Linear assets Capital work in progress	\$. 342,666 245,016 4,122,874 304,500 2,173,025 18,902,481	\$ 12,211 34,601 149,569 171,138	\$ -	\$ 342,666 245,016 4,122,874 316,711 2,207,626 19,052,050 171,138
Total	\$26,090,562	\$ <u>367,519</u>	\$	\$26,458,081
Accumulated amortization	Balance at 31 December <u>2011</u>	Amortization	Disposals, write-offs and adjustments	Balance at 31 December 2012
Land Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Linear assets	\$ 63,081 189,958 3,029,831 211,950 1,297,402 13,569,523	\$ 8,710 5,223 98,130 22,196 142,762 520,959	\$ -	\$ 71,791 195,181 3,127,961 234,146 1,440,164 14,090,482
Total	\$ <u>18,361,745</u>	\$ <u>797,980</u>	\$	\$ <u>19,159,725</u>
Net book value Land Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment		•	55,058 1,093,043 92,550	Balance at 31 December 2012 \$ 270,875 49,835 994,913 82,565
Vehicles Linear assets Capital work in progress			875,623 5,332,958	767,462 4,961,568 <u>171,138</u>
Total		Q N	7,728,817	\$ <u>7,298,356</u>

(See accompanying notes)

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets

As at 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

Segmented by function: <u>Cost</u>	Balance at 31 December 2011	Additions	Disposals, write-offs and adjustments	Balance at 31 December 2012
General government Protection services Transportation services Environmental services -	\$ 509,327 1,035,238 17,597,360	\$ 12,211 184,170	\$ 32,436 (32,436)	\$ 509,327 1,079,885 17,749,094
waste sites	346,511	103,022		449,533
Environmental services - water	3,564,486	68,116		3,632,602
Environmental services - sewage Recreation services	2,237,101 800,539			2,237,101 800,539
Total	\$ <u>26,090,562</u>	\$ <u>367,519</u>	\$	\$26,458,081
Accumulated amortization	Balance at 31 December <u>2011</u>	Amortization	Disposals, write-offs and adjustments	Balance at 31 December 2012
General government Protection services Transportation services Environmental services -	\$ 278,778 637,167 12,488,915	\$ 25,399 56,183 548,299	\$ 18,535 (18,535)	\$ 304,177 711,885 13,018,679
waste sites	206,547	19,545		226,092
Environmental services - water	2,117,092	119,830		2,236,922
Environmental services - sewage Recreation services	2,235,101 398,145	28,724		2,235,101 426,869
Total	\$ <u>18,361,745</u>	\$	\$	\$19,159,725
<u>Net book value</u>			Balance at 31 December <u>2011</u>	Balance at 31 December 2012
General government Protection services Transportation services Environmental services - Environmental services - Environmental services - Recreation services Total	water		\$ 230,549 398,071 5,108,445 139,964 1,447,394 2,000 402,394 \$ 7,728,817	\$ 205,150 368,000 4,730,415 223,441 1,395,680 2,000 373,670 \$ 7,298,356
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(See accompanying notes)

MACKILLICAN & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

252 Raglan Street S. Renfrew, Ontario

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the trust fund of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2012, and the statement of operations for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for local governments, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the trust fund of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards as at 31 December 2012, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for local governments.

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RENFREW, Ontario. 6 March 2013.

Chartered Accountants,
Licensed Public Accountants.

Trust Fund

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

		<u>2012</u>			<u>2011</u>		
Loans receivable (Note 2) Due from Municipality	<u>ASSETS</u>	\$	2,410	\$	2,410 1,162		
		\$	2,410	\$	3,572		
	LIABILITY AND FUND BALA	<u>NCE</u>					
Due to Province Fund balance		\$	2,410	\$ 	1,162 2,410		
		\$	2,410	\$	3,572		

Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards

Trust Fund

Statement of Operations

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

	<u>2012</u>			<u>2011</u>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$	2,410	\$	3,633		
Expenses: Administration Repayment to the Province of Ontario	\$	_	\$ 	61 1,162		
	\$		\$	1,223		
Balance at the end of the year	\$	2,410	\$	2,410		

Trust Fund

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting
Capital receipts and income are reported on the cash basis of accounting.

Expenditures are reported on the cash basis of accounting with the exception of administration expenses which are reported on the accrual basis of accounting, which recognizes expenditures as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

2. ONTARIO HOME RENEWAL PROGRAM

Ontario Home Renewal Program loans receivable at 31 December 2012 comprise repayable loans of \$1,560 (2011 - \$1,560) and forgivable loans of \$850 (2011 - \$850). Loan forgiveness is earned and recorded at a rate of up to \$600 per year of continued ownership and occupancy. In the event of the sale or lease of the home or in the event of the homeowner ceasing to occupy the home, the balances of the repayable loan and the unearned forgivable loan immediately become due and payable by the homeowner.

In 1993, the Ministry of Housing announced that the Ontario Home Renewal Program was being discontinued and that all cash funds on hand at the end of each year are to be returned to the Province by 1 March of the next year. For the year ended 31 December 2012, there is no amount to be returned to the Province.

MACKILLICAN & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

252 Raglan Street S. Renfrew, Ontario

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board Members, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2012, and the statement of operations for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for local governments, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a qualified basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many recreation committees, the organization derives revenue from fundraising activities, the completeness of which is not susceptible of satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee and we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fundraising activities, asset and accumulated surplus.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee as at 31 December 2012, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for local governments.

Mac Xilliean & associatos

Chartered Accountants,

6 March 2013.

RENFREW, Ontario.

Licensed Public Accountants.

Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

		<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Cash in bank	ASSET	\$4,904	\$4,151
	ACCUMULATED SURPLUS		
Accumulated surplus		\$4,904	\$ <u>4,151</u>
	(See accompanying notes)		

Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee

Statement of Operations

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

	<u>2012</u>		
Revenue: Fundraising Interest	\$ 4,227 46	\$	3,995 4 <u>2</u>
	\$ 4,273	\$	4,037
Expenses: Fundraising	\$ 3,520	\$	3,520
Excess of revenue over expenses Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year	\$ 753 4,151	\$	517 3,634
Accumulated surplus at the end of the year	\$ 4,904	\$	4,151

Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants.

(a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

(b) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

(c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

Financial instrument includes cash in bank. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Committee is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from the financial instrument. The carrying amounts reported on the statement of financial position for cash in bank, approximates the fair value, due to the immediate and short term maturity of the financial instrument.

3. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of municipal activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Committee is not aware of any claims or possible claims as at 31 December 2012.

MACKILLICAN & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

252 Raglan Street S. Renfrew, Ontario

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board Members, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Killaloe & District Public Library Board which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2012, and the statement of operations for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for local governments, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a qualified basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many library boards, the organization derives revenue from fines, donations, fundraising and sundry, the completeness of which is not susceptible of satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Killaloe & District Public Library Board and we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fines, donations, fundraising and sundry, assets and accumulated surplus.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Killaloe & District Public Library Board as at 31 December 2012, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for local governments.

Mac Xillian & associates

Chartered Accountants,

6 March 2013.

RENFREW, Ontario.

Licensed Public Accountants.

Killaloe & District Public Library Board

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2012 (with 2011 figures for comparison)

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
ASSE Cash on hand and in bank Due from Canada Due from Ontario Due from other Municipality	\$ 3,72 1,65 9,70 1,85	1 1,536 3 1,335
	\$ <u>16,93</u>	<u>8</u> \$ <u>26,160</u>
LIABILITY AND ACCU	MULATED SURPLUS	
Liability: Accounts payable	\$ 2,20	0 \$ 2,100
Accumulated surplus	14,73	8 24,060
	\$ <u>16,93</u>	<u>8</u> \$ <u>26,160</u>

Killaloe & District Public Library Board

Statement of Operations

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (with 2012 budget and 2011 actual figures for comparison)

		2012 Budget		2012 <u>Actual</u>		2011 <u>Actual</u>
Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year	\$	24,060	\$	24,060	\$	17,288
Revenue:	_				45	1.500
Canada grants - Summer Jobs Service Grant	\$	1,539	\$	1,539	\$	1,539
Province of Ontario grants - Ontario Library		6,824		6,824		6,824
- Pay Equity Grant		1,312		1,312		1,312
- Sustainability Grant		3,558		3,558		3,558
- Youth Internship Grant - Investment Grant		5,495		5,528		4,373 76
- investment Grant - Connectivity Grant		1,355		1,182		1,152
- Connectivity Grant - Capacity Building Grant		1,555		1,102		3,000
Services sold to other library boards		4,148		5,148		4,148
Fines, donations, fundraising and sundry		9,100		8,902		14,800
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	\$	33,331	\$	33,993	\$	40,782
Expenses:						
Advertising	\$	1,000	\$	660	\$	739
Audit and legal		2,350		2,100		4,294
Books		8,600		10,656		9,158
Donation to Library Building Committee				6,311		
Insurance		3,855		3,178		3,855
Postage and office		2,000		1,806		1,794
Programs and sundry		1,800		1,422		2,441
Summer Jobs Service Grant		1,539		1,539		
Supplies and furniture		1,905		2,492		2,701
Sustainability grant expenses		3,558		2,049		3,680
Training and development		2,000		1,709		26 120
Wages		35,000		31,730 5,528		36,138
Youth Internship Grant	-	5,495	-			
	\$	69,102	\$	71,180	\$	64,800
Shortfall of revenue over expenses	\$	(35,771)	\$	(37,187)	\$	(24,018)
Transfers:						
Transfers from general fund		30,000		<u>27,865</u>		30,790
Change in library surplus (deficit) for the year	\$	(5,771)	\$	(9,322)	\$	6,772
Accumulated surplus at the end of the year	\$	18,289	\$	14,738	\$	24,060

Killaloe & District Public Library Board

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Killaloe & District Public Library Board are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants.

(a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

(b) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

(c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments include cash on hand and in bank, due from Canada, due from Ontario, due from other Municipality and accounts payable. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Library Board is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts reported on the statement of financial position for cash on hand and in bank, due from Canada, due from Ontario, due from other Municipality and accounts payable, approximates their fair values, due to the immediate and short term maturities of these financial instruments.

3. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of municipal activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Library Board is not aware of any claims or possible claims as at 31 December 2012.